

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations SDS ID: RLB-R-US-SDS

Issue date: 6/2/2016 Revision date: 7/14/2021 Supersedes: 11/18/2020 Version: 2.3

## **SECTION 1: Identification**

### 1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Trade name : RAPTOR PROTECTIVE COATING - BLACK BASE

Product code : RLB/1 UP Number : UP0822

Other means of identification : Component of: UP0820, UP0820V, UP4801, UP4803, UP5010, UP0820VG, UP0820G

### 1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers

Recommended use : Coating

### 1.3. Supplier

U-POL US Inc Inc.

50 Applied Bank Blvd., Suite 300 Glen Mills

Pennsylvania, PA 19342

United States T (610) 746 7081

technicalsupport@u-pol.com - www.u-pol.com

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC - 1-800-424-9300

### **SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification**

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### **GHS US classification**

Flammable liquids Category 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2

Skin sensitization, Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity — Single exposure, Category 3, Narcosis

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2

Highly flammable liquid and vapor Causes serious eye irritation May cause an allergic skin reaction Suspected of causing cancer

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

### 2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

#### **GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)







Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : Highly flammable liquid and vapor

May cause an allergic skin reaction Causes serious eye irritation May cause drowsiness or dizziness Suspected of causing cancer

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Precautionary statements (GHS US)

: Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Do not breathe vapors, spray, fume. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Wear eye protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

In case of fire: Use dry sand, extinguishing powder, foam to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

### 2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

# 2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

## **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

## 3.1. Substances

Not applicable

# 3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
acetone	CAS-No.: 67-64-1	5 – 23	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336
n-butyl acetate	CAS-No.: 123-86-4	< 23	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene	-	< 23	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Carc. 2, H351 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined	CAS-No.: 68855-54-9	< 5	STOT RE 2, H373
carbon black	CAS-No.: 1333-86-4	< 5	Carc. 2, H351
Xylene	CAS-No.: 1330-20-7	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Dermal), H312 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
ethylbenzene	CAS-No.: 100-41-4	< 5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapour), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304
reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	CAS-No.: 1065336- 91-5	< 5	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
reaction mass of $\alpha$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and $\alpha$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- $\omega$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)	CAS-No.: 104810-48- 2	< 5	Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements: see section 16

### **SECTION 4: First-aid measures**

		_				
Z	L 1	Desc	rintion	of first	aid me	asures

First-aid measures after skin contact

First-aid measures after eye contact

First-aid measures after ingestion

Symptoms/effects

First-aid measures general	:	Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical
		advice/attention.
First-aid measures after inhalation	:	Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Remove victim to fresh air and

: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

: If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Rinse skin with water/shower. Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash with plenty of soap and water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Call a poison center/doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Potential Adverse human health effects and : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. symptoms

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer by inhalation.

7/14/2021 (Revision date) EN (English US) 3/23

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Eye irritation.

## 4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures**

### 5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Dry sand. Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

### 5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion hazard : May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire : Toxic fumes may be released.

### 5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Do

not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing

apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Remove ignition sources. Use special care to avoid static electric charges. No open flames. No

smoking.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Protective clothing. Gloves. Safety glasses.

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Do not breathe vapors. Evacuate

unnecessary personnel. No open flames, no sparks, and no smoking. Avoid breathing fume,

spray, vapors.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with

proper protection. Avoid breathing vapors. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure

controls/personal protection".

Emergency procedures : Ventilate area

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Contain released product. Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. This material and its container must be disposed of in

a safe way, and as per local legislation. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials.

Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

7/14/2021 (Revision date) EN (English US) 4/23

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

For further information refer to section 13. See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed : Keep away from Heat-ignition. - No smoking. Handle empty containers with care because

residual vapors are flammable.

Precautions for safe handling : Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or

smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. No open flames. No smoking. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid breathing vapors, fume. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Flammable vapors may accumulate in the container. Use explosion-proof equipment. Wear personal

protective equipment. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using

this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Ground/bond

container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, Lighting equipment

equipment.

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Ignition sources,

Heat sources, Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep in fireproof place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-

ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Heat sources.

Storage temperature :  $< 25 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Storage area : Store in well ventilated area.

Special rules on packaging : Keep only in original container.

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

## 8.1. Control parameters

# **RAPTOR PROTECTIVE COATING - BLACK BASE**

No additional information available

### acetone (67-64-1)

# USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits

USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Acetone	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	250 ppm	
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	500 ppm	
` '	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	

7/14/2021 (Revision date) EN (English US) 5/23

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

acetone (67-64-1)		
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	ACETONE	
BEI (BLV)	25 mg/l Parameter: Acetone - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: Ns	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Acetone	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	2400 mg/m³	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	1000 ppm	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
carbon black (1333-86-4)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Carbon black	
ACGIH OEL TWA	3 mg/m³ (Inhalable fraction)	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Bronchitis. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans)	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Carbon black	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	3.5 mg/m³	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)		
No additional information available		
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	n-Butyl acetate	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm	
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: Eye & URT irr	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	n-Butyl-acetate	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	710 mg/m³	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	150 ppm	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydro hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethy	2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and α-3-(3- xyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4- ylene) (104810-48-2)	
No additional information available		

7/14/2021 (Revision date) EN (English US) 6/23

# Safety Data Sheet

reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate (1065336-91-5)		
No additional information available		
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene		
No additional information available		
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Xylene, mixed isomers (Dimethylbenzene)	
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	100 ppm	
ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	150 ppm	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT & eye irr; CNS impair. Notations: A4 (Not classifiable as a Human Carcinogen); BEI	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	XYLENES (Technical or commercial grade)	
BEI (BLV)	1.5 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Methylhippuric acids - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name Ethylbenzene		
ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm	
Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: URT irr; kidney dam (nephropathy); cochlear impair. Notations: A3 (Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans); BEI	
Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2021	
USA - ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indices		
Local name	ETHYLBENZENE	
BEI (BLV)	0.15 g/g Kreatinin Parameter: Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid (with hydrolysis) - Medium: urine - Sampling time: End of shift - Notations: Ns	
Regulatory reference ACGIH 2021		
USA - OSHA - Occupational Exposure Limits		
Local name	Ethyl benzene	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	435 mg/m³	
OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	100 ppm	
Regulatory reference (US-OSHA)	OSHA Annotated Table Z-1	

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### 8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment.

## 8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

#### Personal protective equipment:

Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Gloves. Protective clothing. Safety glasses. Gas mask.

### Materials for protective clothing:

Impermeable clothing

#### Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

#### Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or face shield. Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses

#### Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

### Respiratory protection:

Air-fed respiratory protective equipment should be worn when this product is sprayed. Where exposure through inhalation may occur from use, respiratory protection equipment is recommended

### Personal protective equipment symbol(s):











### Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Liquid

Appearance : Viscous. Liquid.
Color : Black

Odor : aromatic
Odor threshold : No data available

pH: No data availableMelting point: Not applicableFreezing point: No data available

Boiling point : > 35 °C Flash point : -17 °C Acetone Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Vapor pressure : No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available
Relative density : No data available
Density : 1.125 (1.1 – 1.14) g/cm³

Solubility : insoluble in water, soluble in most organic solvents.

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available Viscosity, kinematic : No data available Viscosity, dynamic : No data available **Explosion limits** : No data available Explosive properties : No data available Oxidizing properties : No data available

### 9.2. Other information

VOC content : 417 g/l

 As Packaged Regulatory VOC
 : 310 g/l (2.6 lbs/gal)

 As Packaged Actual VOC
 : 241 g/l (2.0 lbs/gal)

 As Applied Regulatory VOC
 : 299 g/l (2.5 lbs/gal)

 As Applied Actual VOC
 : 210 g/l (1.8 lbs/gal)

Percent Solids : 62.82 wt% Percent Solids : 50.64 vol % Volatiles : 37.2 wt% Water Content : 0 wt% Water Content : 0 vol % Exempt Compounds by weight : 15.7 wt% Exempt Compounds by volume : 22.3 vol % % EPA HAPS : 9.7 wt%

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

### 10.1. Reactivity

Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

## 10.2. Chemical stability

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable/explosive vapor-air mixture.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No flames, no sparks. Eliminate all sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures. Open flame. Avoid contact with hot surfaces. Heat.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. May release flammable gases.

# **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

# Safety Data Sheet

acetone (67-64-1)		
LD50 oral rat	5800 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 15800 mg/kg body weight (24 h, Rabbit, Male, Weight of evidence, Dermal, 14 day(s))	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	76 mg/l air Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, 95% CL: 65,2 - 88,4	
ATE US (oral)	5800 mg/kg body weight	
carbon black (1333-86-4)		
LD50 oral rat	> 8000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 4.6 mg/l air (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 4 h, Rat, Experimental value, Inhalation (dust))	
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-	9)	
LD50 oral rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: female, Guideline: OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 2.6 mg/l air Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
LD50 oral rat	10760 – 12789 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 423, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))	
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 14112 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Male / female, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	23.4 mg/l (OECD 403: Acute Inhalation Toxicity, 4 h, Rat, Male / female, Inhalation (mixture of vapour and aerosol), 14 day(s))	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	390 ppm/4h	
ATE US (oral)	10760 mg/kg body weight	
ATE US (gases)	390 ppmV/4h	
ATE US (vapors)	23.4 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	23.4 mg/l/4h	
	-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and α-3-(3-henyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-e) (104810-48-2)	
LD50 oral rat	> 5000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline No. 401 (equivalent to Annex V), limit test, rat, male/female)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg (OECD Guideline No. 402 (equivalent to Annex V), limit test, rat, male/female)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	5800 mg/l (OECD Guideline 403, 14d, rat)	
ATE US (vapors)	5800 mg/l/4h	
ATE US (dust, mist)	5800 mg/l/4h	
reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate (1065336-91-5)		
LD50 oral rat	3230 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity - Acute Toxic Class Method), rat, male/female)	
LD50 dermal rat	> 3170 mg/kg (OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity), read-across,	
ATE US (oral)	3230 mg/kg body weight	

# Safety Data Sheet

reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and	p-xylene
LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg (EU Method B.1 (Acute Toxicity (Oral), rat, male)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	6350 ppm/4h (4 h, EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), rat, male, Inhalation, vapours)
ATE US (oral)	3523 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	6350 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LD50 oral rat	3523 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to EU Method B.1: Acute Toxicity (Oral), Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	12126 mg/kg (Non-GLP, read-across from supporting substance, single dermal dose under occlusion followed by observation for 14 days)
LD50 dermal rabbit	12126 mg/kg body weight Animal: rabbit, Animal sex: male
LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	6700 ppm/4h (EU Method B.2 (Acute Toxicity (Inhalation)), 4h, rat, male)
ATE US (oral)	3523 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	1100 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	6700 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LD50 oral rat	3500 mg/kg (Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	15432 mg/kg body weight (24 h, Rabbit, Male, Experimental value, Dermal)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	17.8 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours))
ATE US (oral)	3500 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	15432 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (vapors)	17.8 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	17.8 mg/l/4h
	Not classified
-	Causes serious eye irritation.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.  Not classified
	Suspected of causing cancer.
carbon black (1333-86-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and	p-xylene
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans

# Safety Data Sheet

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
Reproductive toxicity :	Not classified
acetone (67-64-1)	
LOAEL (animal/female, F0/P)	11298 mg/kg body weight Animal: mouse, Animal sex: female
NOAEL (animal/male, F0/P)	900 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Remarks on results: other:Generation not specified (migrated information)
STOT-single exposure :	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
acetone (67-64-1)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and	p-xylene
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
STOT-single exposure	May cause respiratory irritation.
STOT-repeated exposure :	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-	9)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	3737.9 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and	p-xylene
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	150 mg/kg bodyweight/day ( OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), female)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	150 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Animal sex: male, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents), Guideline: EPA OPP 82-1 (90-Day Oral Toxicity)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
NOAEL (oral,rat,90 days)	75 mg/kg body weight Animal: rat, Guideline: OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
STOT-repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
•	Not classified No data available

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Potential Adverse human health effects and

symptoms

Symptoms/effects

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

: Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs. May cause

drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer by

inhalation.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation. Eye irritation.

# SECTION 12: Ecological information

SECTION 12: Ecological information	ation
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general Ecology - water	<ul><li>: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li><li>: Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.</li></ul>
acetone (67-64-1)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	6210 – 8120 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 203, 96 h, Pimephales promelas, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Measured concentration)
LOEC (chronic)	> 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC (chronic)	≥ 79 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
carbon black (1333-86-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 1000 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Danio rerio, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 5600 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 24 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
ErC50 algae	> 10000 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Desmodesmus subspicatus, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	18 mg/l Test organisms (species): Pimephales promelas
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	44 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia sp.
LC50 - Fish [2]	62 mg/l (Leuciscus idus, static system)
ErC50 algae	397 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Read-across, GLP)
NOEC (chronic)	23 mg/l Test organisms (species): Daphnia magna Duration: '21 d'
NOEC chronic crustacea	23 mg/l
	riazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and α-3-(3- -hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4- oxyethylene) (104810-48-2)
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.8 mg/l (96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	4 mg/l (48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)
ErC50 algae	> 100 mg/l (72 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Nominal concentration)

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m	-xylene and p-xylene
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'
Xylene (1330-20-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	2.6 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 3.4 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia
ErC50 algae	4.36 mg/l (OECD 201: Alga, Growth Inhibition Test, 73 h, Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, GLP)
NOEC chronic fish	> 1.3 mg/l Test organisms (species): Oncorhynchus mykiss (previous name: Salmo gairdneri) Duration: '56 d'
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	5.1 mg/l Test organisms (species): Menidia menidia
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1.8 – 2.4 mg/l (US EPA, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
LOEC (chronic)	1.7 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'
NOEC (chronic)	0.96 mg/l Test organisms (species): Ceriodaphnia dubia Duration: '7 d'

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

RAPTOR PROTECTIVE COATING - BLACK BASE		
Persistence and degradability	May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment.	
acetone (67-64-1)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradable in the soil. Biodegradable in the soil under anaerobic conditions. Readily biodegradable in water.	
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	1.43 g O₂/g substance	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	1.92 g O₂/g substance	
ThOD	2.2 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance	
carbon black (1333-86-4)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability in soil: not applicable. Biodegradability: not applicable.	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable (inorganic)	
ThOD	Not applicable (inorganic)	
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)		
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable.	
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	Not applicable	
ThOD	Not applicable	
BOD (% of ThOD)	Not applicable	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.	

# Safety Data Sheet

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
2.21 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance		
0.46		
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.		
Biodegradable in the soil. Readily biodegradable in water.		
1.44 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance		
2.1 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance		
3.17 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance		
SE		
Not established.		
-0.23 (Test data)		
Not bioaccumulative.		
Not bioaccumulative.		
No test data of component(s) available.		
2.3 (Experimental value, OECD 117: Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water), HPLC method, 25 $^{\circ}\text{C})$		
Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).		
reaction mass of $\alpha$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and $\alpha$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl-ω-3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene) (104810-48-2)		
$2658-3430 \ (502 \ h,$ Oncorhynchus mykiss, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Experimental value)		
4.6 (Experimental value, Equivalent or similar to OECD 117, 25 °C)		
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
7.2 – 25.9 (56 day(s), Oncorhynchus mykiss, Flow-through system, Fresh water, Read-across)		
3.2 (Read-across, 20 °C)		
Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).		
4 (6 wash(s) Openhumbus kisutah Flourthrough system Selt water Evasimental value)		
1 (6 week(s), Oncorhynchus kisutch, Flow-through system, Salt water, Experimental value)		

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

ethylbenzene (100-41-4)	
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (BCF < 500).

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

acetone (67-64-1)		
	00000 N.V (00.00)	
Surface tension	23300 mN/m (20 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.374 – 0.988 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
carbon black (1333-86-4)		
Surface tension	Not applicable (solid)	
Ecology - soil	No (test)data on mobility of the substance available. Not toxic to plants. Not toxic to animals.	
n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)		
Surface tension	61.3 mN/m (20 °C, 0.1 %, OECD 115: Surface Tension of Aqueous Solutions)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.268 – 1.844 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Xylene (1330-20-7)		
Surface tension	28.01 – 29.76 mN/m (25 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.73 (log Koc, Equivalent or similar to OECD 121, Read-across)	
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. May be harmful to plant growth, blooming and fruit formation.	
ethylbenzene (100-41-4)		
Surface tension	71.2 mN/m (23 °C, 0.058 g/l, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	2.71 (log Koc, PCKOCWIN v1.66, QSAR)	
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil. Toxic to soil organisms.	

## 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

# 13.1. Disposal methods

Regional legislation (waste) : Disposal must be done according to official regulations.

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of

contents/container to Remove waste in accordance with local and/or national regulations.

Additional information : Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable. Flammable vapors

may accumulate in the container.

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

7/14/2021 (Revision date) EN (English US) 16/23

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

## **14.1. UN number**

DOT NA No : UN1263 UN-No. (TDG) : UN1263 UN-No. (IMDG) : 1263 UN-No. (IATA) : 1263

## 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Paint
Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : PAINT
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : PAINT
Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Paint

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

### DOT

Transport hazard class(es) (DOT) : 3
Hazard labels (DOT) : 3

### **TDG**

Transport hazard class(es) (TDG) : 3 Hazard labels (TDG) : 3

#### **IMDG**

Transport hazard class(es) (IMDG) : 3
Hazard labels (IMDG) : 3



## IATA

Transport hazard class(es) (IATA) : 3
Hazard labels (IATA) : 3



### 14.4. Packing group

Packing group (DOT) : II
Packing group (TDG) : II
Packing group (IMDG) : II
Packing group (IATA) : II

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

### DOT

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1263

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102)

- : 149 When transported as a limited quantity or a consumer commodity, the maximum net capacity specified in 173.150(b)(2) of this subchapter for inner packaging may be increased to 5 L (1.3 gallons).
  - 367 For the purposes of documentation and package marking: a. The proper shipping name "Paint related material" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint" and "Paint related material" in the same package; b. The proper shipping name "Paint related material, corrosive, flammable" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint, corrosive, flammable" and "Paint related material, corrosive, flammable" in the same package; c. The proper shipping name "Paint related material, flammable, corrosive" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Paint, flammable, corrosive" and "Paint related material, flammable, corrosive" in the same package; and d. The proper shipping name "Printing ink related material" may be used for consignments of packages containing "Printing ink" and "Printing ink related material" in the same package.
  - 383 Packages containing toy plastic or paper caps for toy pistols described as "UN0349, Articles, explosive, n.o.s. (Toy caps), 1.4S" or "NA0337, Toy caps, 1.4S" are not subject to the subpart E (labeling) requirements of this part when offered for transportation by motor vehicle, rail freight, cargo vessel, and cargo aircraft and, notwithstanding the packing method assigned in §173.62 of this subchapter, in conformance with the following conditions:
  - B52 Notwithstanding the provisions of 173.24b of this subchapter, non-reclosing pressure relief devices are authorized on DOT 57 portable tanks.
  - B131 When transported by highway, rail, or cargo vessel, waste Paint and Paint related material (UN1263; PG II and PG III), when in plastic or metal inner packagings of not more than 26.5 L (7 gallons), are excepted from the marking requirements in §172.301(a) and (c) and the labeling requirements in §172.400(a), when further packed in the following specification and non-specification bulk outer packagings and under the following conditions:
  - a. Primary receptacles must conform to the general packaging requirements of subpart B of part 173 of this subchapter and may not leak. If they do leak, they must be overpacked in packagings conforming to the specification requirements of part 178 of this subchapter or in salvage packagings conforming to the requirements in §173.12 of this subchapter.
  - b. Primary receptacles must be further packed in non-specification bulk outer packagings such as cubic yard boxes, plastic rigid-wall bulk containers, dump trailers, and roll-off containers. Bulk outer packagings must be liquid tight through design or by the use of lining materials.
  - c. Primary receptacles may also be further packed in specification bulk outer packagings. Authorized specification bulk outer packagings are UN11G fiberboard intermediate bulk containers (IBC) and UN13H4 woven plastic, coated and with liner flexible intermediate bulk containers (FIBCs) meeting the Packing Group II performance level and lined with a plastic liner of at least 6 mil thickness.
  - d. All inner packagings placed inside bulk outer packagings must be blocked and braced to prevent movement during transportation that could cause the container to open or fall over. Specification IBCs and FIBCs are to be secured to a pallet.

  - TP1 The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling. TP8 A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 1.5 bar (150 kPa) may be used when the flash point of the hazardous material transported is greater than 0 C (32 F).

TP28 - A portable tank having a minimum test pressure of 2.65 bar (265 kPa) may be used provided the calculated test pressure is 2.65 bar or less based on the MAWP of the hazardous material, as defined in 178.275 of this subchapter, where the test pressure is 1.5 times the MAWP.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx)

: 150

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 173
DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 242
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 : 5 L

CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49

CFR 175.75)

**DOT Vessel Stowage Location** 

: 60 L

: B - (i) The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers, or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length; and (ii) "On deck only" on passenger vessels in which the number of passengers specified in paragraph (k)(2)(i) of this section is exceeded.

**TDG** 

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1263

TDG Special Provisions : 59 - Substances that are listed by name in Schedule 1 must not be transported under this shipping name. Substances transported under this shipping name may contain not more than

- The following shipping names may be used to meet the requirements of Part 3

(Documentation) and Part 4 (Dangerous Goods Safety Marks) when these dangerous goods are offered for transport in the same means of containment:

20% nitrocellulose if the nitrocellulose contains not more than 12.6% nitrogen (by dry mass),142

(a) "DAINT DELATED MATERIAL" may be used for a m

(a) "PAINT RELATED MATERIAL" may be used for a means of containment containing both paint and paint related material;

paint and paint related material,

(b) "PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, CORROSIVE, FLAMMABLE" may be used for a means of containment containing both paint, corrosive, flammable, and paint related material, corrosive, flammable:

(c) "PAINT RELATED MATERIAL, FLAMMABLE, CORROSIVE" may be used for a means of containment containing both paint, flammable, corrosive, and paint related material, flammable, corrosive; and

(d) "PRINTING INK RELATED MATERIAL" may be used for a means of containment containing both printing ink and printing ink related material.

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index

Excepted quantities (TDG)
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger

Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 128

**IMDG** 

Special provision (IMDG): 163, 367Limited quantities (IMDG): 5 LExcepted quantities (IMDG): E2Packing instructions (IMDG): P001Packing provisions (IMDG): PP1IBC packing instructions (IMDG): IBC02Tank instructions (IMDG): T4

Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP1, TP8, TP28

EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E - FIRE SCHEDULE Echo - NON-WATER-REACTIVE FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-E - SPILLAGE SCHEDULE Echo - FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS, FLOATING ON WATER

Stowage category (IMDG) : B

Properties and observations (IMDG) : Miscibility with water depends upon the composition.

: 5 L : E2

: 5 L

IATA

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E2
PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y341
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) : 1L
PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 353
PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 5L
CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 364
CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 60L

Special provision (IATA) : A3, A72, A192

7/14/2021 (Revision date) EN (English US) 19/23

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

ERG code (IATA) : 3L

# 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Not applicable

# **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

## 15.1. US Federal regulations

Commercial status of components according to the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA):

Name	CAS-No.	Listing	Commercial status	Flags
acetone	67-64-1	Present	Active	
carbon black	1333-86-4	Present	Active	
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined	68855-54-9	Present	Active	
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	Present	Active	
reaction mass of $\alpha$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- $\omega$ -hydroxypoly(oxyethylene) and $\alpha$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyl- $\omega$ -3-(3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-tert-butyl-4-hydroxyphenyl)propionyloxypoly(oxyethylene)	104810-48-2	Not present	-	FRI;PMN;XU
reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate	1065336-91-5	Not present	-	
reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene		Present	Active	
Xylene	1330-20-7	Present	Active	
ethylbenzene	100-41-4	Present	Active	

Chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 or Title III of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372.

Xylene CAS-No. 1330-20-7 < 5%

Xylene	CAS-No. 1330-20-7	< 5%
ethylbenzene	CAS-No. 100-41-4	< 5%

acetone (67-64-1)		
	CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)	
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb

Xylene (1330-20-7)	
Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)	
CERCLA RQ	100 lb

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

### ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

CERCLA RQ 1000 lb

### 15.2. International regulations

#### **CANADA**

### acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

## n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

# reaction mass of bis(1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl) sebacate and methyl 1,2,2,6,6-pentamethyl-4-piperidyl sebacate (1065336-91-5)

Not listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)/NDSL (Non-Domestic Substances List)

### reaction mass of ethylbenzene, m-xylene and p-xylene

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

## Xylene (1330-20-7)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

# ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on the Canadian DSL (Domestic Substances List)

### **EU-Regulations**

No additional information available

### **National regulations**

### acetone (67-64-1)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

### carbon black (1333-86-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

### kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined (68855-54-9)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

## Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

## n-butyl acetate (123-86-4)

Listed on INSQ (Mexican National Inventory of Chemical Substances)

### ethylbenzene (100-41-4)

Listed on IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

## 15.3. US State regulations



This product can expose you to carbon black, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	State or local regulations
kieselguhr, soda ash flux calcined(68855-54-9)	U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
n-butyl acetate(123-86-4)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Xylene(1330-20-7)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
ethylbenzene(100-41-4)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
carbon black(1333-86-4)	U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
acetone(67-64-1)	U.S Delaware - Pollutant Discharge Requirements - Reportable Quantities; U.S Idaho - Non-Carcinogenic Toxic Air Pollutants - Acceptable Ambient Concentrations; U.S Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S New York City - Right to Know Hazardous Substances List; U.S Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

# **SECTION 16: Other information**

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Revision date : 07/14/2021 Other information : None.

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary

incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 3 - Liquids and solids (including finely divided suspended solids) that can

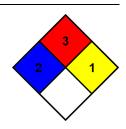
be ignited under almost all ambient temperature conditions.

# Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

NFPA reactivity

: 1 - Materials that in themselves are normally stable but can become unstable at elevated temperatures and pressures.



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